

1. Identification

Product identifier	Pressurized Fuel Injector Cleaner	
Other means of identification		
FIR No.	045361	
Recommended use	Fuel injector cleaner	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Supplier		
Company Name	Ford Motor Company	
Address	Attention: MSDS Information, P.O. Box 1899 Dearborn, Michigan 48121 USA	
Telephone	1-800-392-3673	
MSDS Information	1-800-448-2063 msds@brownart.com	
Emergency telephone numbers	Poison Control Center: USA and Canada: 1-800-959-3673 INFOTRAC (Transportation): USA and Canada 1-800-535-5053	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Dissolved gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye/face protection.
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Toxic in contact with skin. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate		64741-66-8	40 - < 50
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		64742-95-6	10 - < 20
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL		108-11-2	5 - < 10
2-BUTOXYETHANOL		111-76-2	3 - < 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic		64742-52-5	3 - < 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic		64742-53-6	3 - < 5
NITROGEN		7727-37-9	1 - < 3
Ammonia, aqueous solution		1336-21-6	< 1

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)	PEL	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)	PEL	35 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)	STEL	40 ppm
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	35 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3	
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
		165 mg/m3	
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)	TWA	40 ppm	
		100 mg/m3	
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)	STEL	25 ppm	
		27 mg/m3	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	STEL	35 ppm	
		18 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	25 ppm	
		10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.
 4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure limits/guidelines. If user operations generate a vapor, dust and/or mist, use process enclosure, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below the recommended exposure limits/guidelines.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Suitable chemical protective gloves should be worn when the potential exists for prolonged or repeated skin exposure. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Neoprene gloves are recommended.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing if applicable.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard 29 CFR 1910.134 and/or Canadian Standard CSA Z94.4.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Amber.
Odor	Aromatic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	48.2 °F (9.0 °C) TCC
Evaporation rate	< 1 (BuAc=1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	> 1 (AIR=1)
Relative density	0.78 - 0.84
Relative density temperature	59 °F (15 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	SLIGHT IN WATER
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Other information

Flame projection	Not Applicable
Heat of combustion	34.7 kJ/g
Kinematic viscosity	< 14 cSt
Kinematic viscosity temperature	104 °F (40 °C)
VOC (Weight %)	78 % CAM310

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	At thermal decomposition temperatures, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Phosphorus compounds. Sulfur compounds. Nitrogen compounds.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Calculated/Test Results
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	400 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	700 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	450 ppm, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Guinea pig	1.2 g/kg
	Mouse	1.2 g/kg
	Rabbit	0.32 g/kg
	Rat	560 mg/kg
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	3.56 ml/kg

Components	Species	Calculated/Test Results
Oral LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)		
Acute		
Oral LD50	Rat	350 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.	
Chronic effects	May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

Ecotoxicity

Components	Species	Calculated/Test Results
2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 15 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL	0.83
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL	1.43
NITROGEN	0.67

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

<Unspecified>

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

<Unspecified>

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Forbidden.
Cargo aircraft only	Forbidden.

IMDG

<Unspecified>

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

Listed.

Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	111-76-2	3 - < 5
Ammonia, aqueous solution	1336-21-6	< 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)
NITROGEN (CAS 7727-37-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)
NITROGEN (CAS 7727-37-9)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)
4-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL (CAS 108-11-2)
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)
NITROGEN (CAS 7727-37-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)
Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	05-20-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 1
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: - Instability: 1
Preparation Information and Disclaimer	This document was prepared by FCSD-Toxicology, Ford Motor Company, Diagnostic Service Center II, 1800 Fairlane Drive, Allen Park, MI 48101, USA, based in part on information provided by the manufacturer. The information on this data sheet represents our current data and is accurate to the best of our knowledge as to the proper handling of this product under normal conditions and in accordance with the application specified on the packaging and/or technical guidance literature. Any other use of the product which involves using the product in combination with any other product or any other process is the responsibility of the user. To the extent that there are any differences between this product's Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the consumer packaged product labels, the SDS should be followed.
Part number(s)	CM-1001